

Key Difference between Manual Testing and Model Checking

- Manual testing (unit testing)
 - A user should test **one concrete execution scenario** by checking a pair of concrete input values and the expected concrete output values
- Model checking (concolic testing)
 - A user should imagine **all possible** execution scenarios and model **a general environment** that can enable all possible executions
 - A user should describe **general invariants** on input values and output values

Ex1. Circular Queue of Positive Integers

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define SIZE 12
#define EMPTY 0

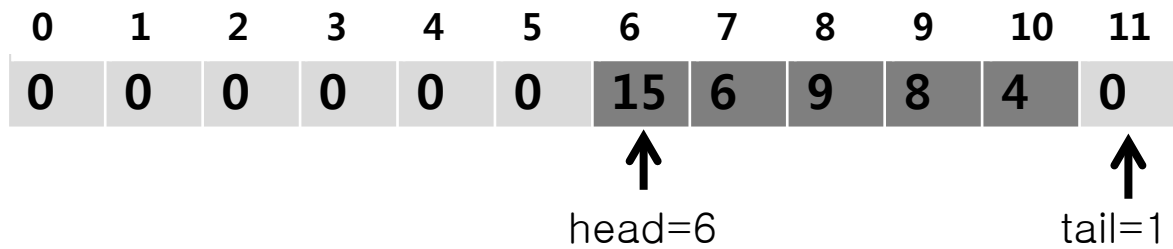
// We assume that q[] is
// empty if head==tail
unsigned int q[SIZE],head,tail;

void enqueue(unsigned int x)
{
    q[tail]=x;
    tail=(++tail)%SIZE;
}

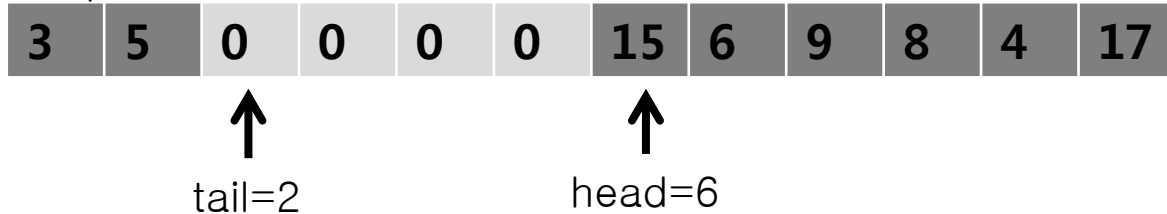
unsigned int dequeue() {
    unsigned int ret;
    ret = q[head];
    q[head]=0;
    head= (++head)%SIZE;
    return ret;}

```

Step 1)



Step 2)



Step 3)



```

void enqueue_verify() {
    unsigned int x, old_head, old_tail;
    unsigned int old_q[SIZE], i;
    __CPROVER_assume(x>0);

    for(i=0; i < SIZE; i++) old_q[i]=q[i];
    old_head=head;
    old_tail=tail;

    enqueue(x);

    assert(q[old_tail]==x);
    assert(tail== ((old_tail +1) % SIZE));
    assert(head==old_head);
    for(i=0; i < old_tail; i++)
        assert(old_q[i]==q[i]);
    for(i=old_tail+1; i < SIZE; i++)
        assert(old_q[i]==q[i]);
}

```

```

int main() { // cbmc q.c -unwind
SIZE+2
    environment_setup();
    enqueue_verify();}

```

```

void dequeue_verify() {
    unsigned int ret, old_head, old_tail;
    unsigned int old_q[SIZE], i;

    for(i=0; i < SIZE; i++) old_q[i]=q[i];
    old_head=head;
    old_tail=tail;
    __CPROVER_assume(head!=tail);

    ret=dequeue();

    assert(ret==old_q[old_head]);
    assert(q[old_head]== EMPTY);
    assert(head==(old_head+1)%SIZE);
    assert(tail==old_tail);
    for(i=0; i < old_head; i++)
        assert(old_q[i]==q[i]);
    for(i=old_head+1; i < SIZE; i++)
        assert(old_q[i]==q[i]);}

```

```

int main() { // cbmc q.c -unwind
SIZE+2
    environment_setup();
    dequeue_verify();}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
#define SIZE 12
#define EMPTY 0

unsigned int q[SIZE],head,tail;

void enqueue(unsigned int x)
{
    q[tail]=x;
    tail=(++tail)%SIZE;
}

unsigned int dequeue() {
    unsigned int ret;
    ret = q[head];
    q[head]=0;
    head= (++head)%SIZE;
    return ret;
}

```

```

// Initial random queue setting following the script
void environment_setup() {
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<SIZE;i++) { q[i]=EMPTY;}

    head=non_det();
    __CPROVER_assume(0<= head && head < SIZE);

    tail=non_det();
    __CPROVER_assume(0<= tail && tail < SIZE);

    if( head < tail)
        for(i=head; i < tail; i++) {
            q[i]=non_det();
            __CPROVER_assume(0< q[i]);
        }
    else if(head > tail) {
        for(i=0; i < tail; i++) {
            q[i]=non_det();
            __CPROVER_assume(0< q[i]);
        }
        for(i=head; i < SIZE; i++) {
            q[i]=non_det();
            __CPROVER_assume(0< q[i]);
        }
    }
    } // We assume that q[] is empty if head==tail
}

```