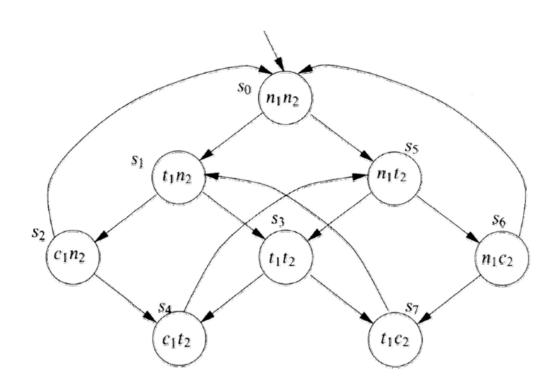
Temporal Logic -NuSMV

Moonzoo Kim CS Division of EECS Dept. KAIST

moonzoo@cs.kaist.ac.kr http://pswlab.kaist.ac.kr/courses/cs402-07



NuSMV specification of the 1st mutual exclusion (1/2)





NuSMV specification of the 1st mutual exclusion (2/2)

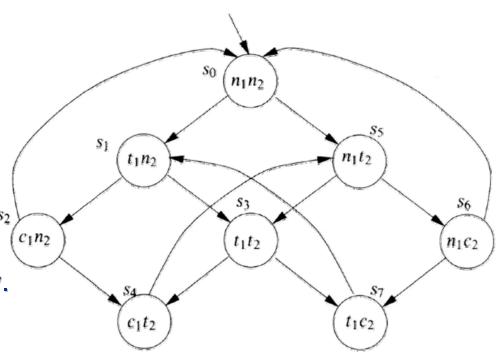
What if there are 3 processes?

 We need a more realistic compositional model

Does this way of modeling reflect real implementation?

> There might be no global scheduler, which allows only 1 process to execute 1 step only.

 For software process, asynchronous interleaving is more realistic





Revised mutual exclusion model in NuSMV (1/2)

- This code consists of two modules, main and prc
 - main
 - turn determines whose turn it is to enter the critical section if both are trying to enter
 - prc
 - st: the status of a process
 - other-st: the status of the other
- FAIRNESS ϕ restrict search tree to execution paths along which ϕ is infinitely often true
 - i.e., limit the search space
 - FAIRNESS running enforces that the process should execute infinitely often

```
MODULE prc(other-st, turn, myturn)
   VAR
      st: {n, t, c};
   ASSIGN
      init(st) := n;
      next(st) :=
         case
            (st = n)
                                                          : {t,n};
            (st = t) & (other-st = n)
                                                          : C;
            (st = t) & (other-st = t) & (turn = mvturn): c;
            (st = c)
                                                          : {c,n};
            1
                                                          : st;
         esac;
      next(turn) :=
         case
            turn = myturn & st = c : !turn;
                                     : turn;
         esac;
   FAIRNESS running
   FAIRNESS ! (st = c)
```



Revised mutual exclusion model in NuSMV (2/2)

- FAIRNESS ! (st=c)
 - This prevents a process from staying at critical section forever
 - this prevents to detects silly violation of liveness property due to such situation
- FAIRNESS running
 - This prevents a process from executing all the time
 - this prevents to detects silly violation of liveness property due to such situation

```
MODULE main

VAR
          pr1: process prc(pr2.st, turn, 0);
          pr2: process prc(pr1.st, turn, 1);
          turn: boolean;

ASSIGN
          init(turn) := 0;
          -- safety

SPEC      G!((pr1.st = c) & (pr2.st = c))
          -- liveness

SPEC      G((pr1.st = t) -> F (pr1.st = c))

SPEC      G((pr2.st = t) -> F (pr2.st = c))
```

```
MODULE prc(other-st, turn, myturn)
   VAR
      st: {n, t, c};
   ASSIGN
      init(st) := n;
      next(st) :=
         case
            (st = n)
                                                          : {t,n};
             (st = t) & (other-st = n)
                                                          : C;
             (st = t) & (other-st = t) & (turn = mvturn): c;
            (st = c)
                                                          : {c,n};
            1
                                                          : st;
         esac;
      next(turn) :=
         case
            turn = myturn & st = c : !turn;
                                     : turn;
         esac;
   FAIRNESS running
   FAIRNESS ! (st = c)
```



Transition system

